



Diabetes Medical Management Plan (DMMP)

This plan should be completed by the student's personal diabetes health care team, including the parents/guardians. It should be reviewed with relevant school staff and copies should be kept in a place that can be accessed easily by the school nurse, trained diabetes personnel and other authorized personnel.

Date of plan:	This plan is valid for the cu	urrent school year:
Student information		
Student's name:		Date of birth:
Date of diabetes diagnosis:	🗆 Type 1 🛛 Ty	/pe 2
School:	School pł	none number:
Grade:	Homeroom teacher:	
School nurse		Phone:
Contact information		
Parent/guardian 1:		
		Cell:
Email address:		
Parent/guardian 2:		
		Cell:
Email address:		
Student's physician/health care p	rovider:	
Address:		
Telephone:	Emergency nun	nber:
Email address:		
Other emergency contacts:		
Name:	Relationship: _	
		Cell:

Checking blood glucose

Brand/model of blo	ood glucose meter:		
Target range of blo	ood glucose:		
Before meals:	90–130 mg/dL □ Other: _		
Check blood gluce	ose level:		
Before breakfast	After breakfast	□ Hours after breakfast	\Box 2 hours after a correction dose
Before lunch	□ After lunch	□ Hours after lunch	□ Before dismissal
□ Mid-morning	□ Before PE	□ After PE	□ Other:
□ As needed for sig	gns/symptoms of low or hig	h blood glucose □ As r	needed for signs/symptoms of illness
Preferred site of te	esting:	□ Other:	
Note: The side of th	e fingertip should always b	e used to check blood glucose lev	vel if hypoglycemia is suspected.
Student's self-care	e blood glucose checking	skills:	
□ Independently ch	ecks own blood glucose		
□ May check blood	glucose with supervision		
Requires a school	ol nurse or trained diabetes	personnel to check blood glucose	e
Uses a smartpho	ne or other monitoring tech	nology to track blood glucose val	ue
Continuous glucos	se monitor (CGM): 🛛 Ye	s 🗆 No Brand/model:	
Alarms set for:	Severe Low:	Low: High:	
Predictive alarm:	Low: High: _	Rate of change: Low	/: High:
Threshold suspend	setting:		
CGM may be used	for insulin calculation if glue	cose is between mg/dL _	YesNo
CGM may be used	for hypoglycemia managen	nent Yes No	
CGM may be used	for hyperglycemia manage	ment Yes No	

Additional information for student with CGM

- Insulin injections should be given at least three inches away from the CGM insertion site.
- Do not disconnect from the CGM for sports activities.
- If the adhesive is peeling, reinforce it with approved medical tape.
- If the CGM becomes dislodged, return everything to the parents/guardians. Do not throw any part away.
- Refer to the manufacturer's instructions on how to use the student's device.

Student's self-care CGM skills	Independent?	
The student troubleshoots alarms and malfunctions.	□ Yes	□ No
The student knows what to do and is able to deal with a HIGH alarm.	□ Yes	□ No
The student knows what to do and is able to deal with a LOW alarm.	□ Yes	□ No
The student can calibrate the CGM.	□ Yes	□ No
The student knows what to do when the CGM indicates a rapid trending rise or fall in the blood glucose level.	□ Yes	□ No

Other instructions for the school health team:

Hypoglycemia treatment

Student's usual symptoms of hypoglycemia (list below):

If the student is unable to eat or drink, is unconscious or unresponsive, or is having seizure activity or					
Additional treatment:					
Recheck blood glucose in 15 minutes and repeat treatment if blood glucose level is less than	mg/dL.				
If exhibiting symptoms of hypoglycemia, OR if blood glucose level is less than mg/dL, give glucose product equal to grams of carbohydrate.	a quick-acting				

convulsions (jerking movement):

•	Position the student on h	is or her side to prevent choking.	
-	Administer glucagon	Name of glucagon used:	

Injection:

 1 mg Route: Site for glucagon injection: 	□ ½ mg □ Other (do □ Subcutaneous (SC) □ Buttocks □ Arm	se) □ Intramuscular (IM) □ Thigh □ Other:
Nasal route:		
□ 3 mg		
 Route: 	🗆 Intranasal (IN)	
• Site:	□ Nose	

- Call 911 (Emergency Medical Services) and the student's parents/guardians.
- Contact the student's health care provider.
- If on insulin pump, stop by placing mode in suspend or disconnect. Always send pump with EMS to hospital.

Hyperglycemia treatment

Student's usual symptoms of hyperglycemia (list below):

- Check □ Urine □ Blood for ketones every _____ hours when blood glucose levels are above _____ mg/dL.
- For blood glucose greater than _____ mg/dL AND at least _____ hours since last insulin dose, give correction dose of insulin (see correction dose orders).
- Notify parents/guardians if blood glucose is over _____ mg/dL.
- For insulin pump users: see Additional Information for Student with Insulin Pump.
- Allow unrestricted access to the bathroom.
- Give extra water and/or non-sugar-containing drinks (not fruit juices): _____ ounces per hour.

Additional treatment for ketones: ____

• Follow physical activity and sports orders. (See Physical Activity and Sports)

If the student has symptoms of a hyperglycemia emergency, call 911 (Emergency Medical Services) and contact the student's parents/guardians and health care provider. Symptoms of a hyperglycemia emergency include: dry mouth, extreme thirst, nausea and vomiting, severe abdominal pain, heavy breathing or shortness of breath, chest pain, increasing sleepiness or lethargy or depressed level of consciousness.

Insulin therapy

Insulin delivery device:						
Syringe 🗆 Insulin pen 🗆 Insulin pump						
Type of insulin therapy at school: Adjustable (basal-bolus) insulin	□ Fixed insulin therapy	□ No insulin				
Adjustable (Basal-bolus) Insulin Th	erapy					
 Carbohydrate Coverage/C 	Correction Dose: Name of insulin	n:				
 Carbohydrate Coverage: 						
Insulin-to-carbohy	/drate ratio:					
Breakfast: 1 unit o	f insulin per grams of carbo	hydrate				
<i>Lunch:</i> 1 unit of ins	sulin per grams of carbohyd	rate				
Snack: 1 unit of insulin per grams of carbohydrate						
	Carbohydrate Dose Calculation	n Example				
Total Grams of Carboh	ydrate to Be Eaten					
Insulin-to-Carbol	hydrate Ratio	= Units of Insulin				
Correction Dose: Blood glucose corr Target blood glucose =mg/dL		etor) =				
	Correction Dose Calculation	Example				
Current Blood Glucose –	Target Blood Glucose					
Correction	Factor	= Units of Insulin				

Correction dose scale (use instead of calculation above to determine insulin correction dose):

Blood glucose	to	mg/dL, give	units	Blood glucose	to	_mg/dL, give	units
Blood glucose	to	mg/dL, give	units	Blood glucose	to	mg/dL, give	units

See the worksheet examples in Advanced Insulin Management: Using Insulin-to-Carb Ratios and Correction Factors for instructions on how to compute the insulin dose using a student's insulin-to-carb ratio and insulin correction factor.

Insulin therapy (continued)	Insulin	therapy	(continued)
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When to give insulin:					
Breakfast					
Carbohydrate coverage onl	У				
Carbohydrate coverage plu since last insulin dose.	s correction do	se when blood glucose is grea	ater than m	g/dL and	hours
□ Other:					
Lunch					
□ Carbohydrate coverage onl	V				
, .	•	se when blood glucose is grea	ater than	mg/dL and	_ hours
□ Other:					
Snack					
□ No coverage for snack					
□ Carbohydrate coverage onl	y				
□ Carbohydrate coverage plu since last insulin dose.	s correction do	se when blood glucose is grea	ater than	mg/dL and	_ hours
Correction dose only: For b insulin dose.	blood glucose g	reater than mg/dL Al	ND at least	_ hours since las	st
□ Other:					
Fixed Insulin Therapy Nam	e of insulin:				
□ Units of insulin giver					
□ Units of insulin giver	•	•			
□ Units of insulin giver	-	-			
□ Other:					
Basal Insulin Therapy Nam	e of insulin:				
To be given during school		Pre-breakfast dose:	units		
5 5		Pre-lunch dose:	units		
		Pre-dinner dose:	units		
Other diabetes medications:					
Name:	Dose:	Route:	Times given:	:	
Name:	Dose:				

Parents/Guardians authorization to adjust insulin dose:

□ Yes	🗆 No	Parents/guardians authorization should be obtained before administering a correction dose.
□ Yes	□ No	Parents/guardians are authorized to increase or decrease correction dose scale within the following range: +/ units of insulin.
□ Yes	□ No	Parents/guardians are authorized to increase or decrease insulin-to-carbohydrate ratio within the following range: units per prescribed grams of carbohydrate, +/ grams of carbohydrate.
□ Yes	□ No	Parents/guardians are authorized to increase or decrease fixed insulin dose within the following range: +/ units of insulin.

Student's self-care insulin administration skills:

- □ Independently calculates and gives own injections.
- □ May calculate/give own injections with supervision.
- □ Requires school nurse or trained diabetes personnel to calculate dose and student can give own injection with supervision.
- □ Requires school nurse or trained diabetes personnel to calculate dose and give the injection.

Additional information for student with insulin pump

Brand/model of pump:		Ту	pe of insulin in pur	ıp:
Basal rates during school:	Time:	Basal rate:	Time:	Basal rate:
	Time:	Basal rate:	Time:	Basal rate:
	Time:	Basal rate:		
Other pump instructions:				
Type of infusion set:				
Appropriate infusion site(s)):			
□ For blood glucose greater consider pump failure or ir				hours after correction,
□ For infusion site failure: Ins	sert new infu	sion set and/or replace r	eservoir, or give ins	sulin by syringe or pen.
□ For suspected pump failur	e: Suspend o	or remove pump and give	e insulin by syringe	or pen.
Physical Activity				

May disconnect from pump for sports activities:	□ Yes, for	hours	□ No
Set a temporary basal rate:	□ Yes,	_% temporary basal for hours	🗆 No
Suspend pump use:	□ Yes, for	hours	🗆 No

Additional information for student with insulin pump (continued)

Student's self-care pump skills	Independent?	
Counts carbohydrates	□ Yes	🗆 No
Calculates correct amount of insulin for carbohydrates consumed	□ Yes	🗆 No
Administers correction bolus	□ Yes	🗆 No
Calculates and sets basal profiles	□ Yes	🗆 No
Calculates and sets temporary basal rate	□ Yes	🗆 No
Changes batteries	□ Yes	🗆 No
Disconnects pump	□ Yes	🗆 No
Reconnects pump to infusion set	□ Yes	🗆 No
Prepares reservoir, pod and/or tubing	□ Yes	🗆 No
Inserts infusion set	□ Yes	🗆 No
Troubleshoots alarms and malfunctions	□ Yes	🗆 No

Meal/Snack	Time	Carbohydrate Content (grams)
Breakfast		to
Mid-morning snack		to
Lunch		to
Mid-afternoon snack		to

Other times to give snacks and content/amount: ____

Instructions for when food is provided to the class (e.g., as part of a class party or food sampling event):

Parent/guardian substitution of food for meals, snacks and special events/parties permitted.

Special event/party food permitted:
Parents'/Guardians' discretion
Student discretion

Student's self-care nutrition skills:

□ Independently counts carbohydrates

□ May count carbohydrates with supervision

□ Requires school nurse/trained diabetes personnel to count carbohydrates

Physical activity and sports

A quick-acting source of glucose such as	s □ glucose tabs and/or	sugar-containing juice must be available at the site of physical education activities and sports.
Student should eat D 15 grams	□ 30 grams of carbohy	drate 🗆 other:
□ before □ every 30 minutes during.	□ every 60 minutes during	□ after vigorous physical activity
□ other:		

If most recent blood glucose is less than _____ mg/dL, student can participate in physical activity when blood glucose is corrected and above _____ mg/dL.

Avoid physical activity when blood glucose is greater than _____ mg/dL or if urine/blood ketones are moderate to large.

(See Administer Insulin for additional information for students on insulin pumps.)

Disaster/Emergency and Drill Plan

To prepare for an unplanned disaster, emergency (72 hours) or drill, obtain emergency supply kit from parents/guardians. School nurse or other designated personnel should take student's diabetes supplies and medications to student's destination to make available to student for the duration of the unplanned disaster, emergency or drill.

□ Continue to follow orders contained in this DMMP.

□ Additional insulin orders as follows (e.g., dinner and nighttime):

Other:

Signatures

This Diabetes Medical Management Plan has been approved by:

Student's Physician/Health Care Provider

I, (parent/guardian) _____ give permission to the school nurse or

another qualified health care professional or trained diabetes personnel of (school) ____

to perform and carry out the diabetes care tasks as outlined in (student _

Diabetes Medical Management Plan. I also consent to the release of the information contained in this Diabetes Medical Management Plan to all school staff members and other adults who have responsibility for my child and who may need to know this information to maintain my child's health and safety. I also give permission to the school nurse or another qualified health care professional to contact my child's physician/health care provider.

Acknowledged and received by:

 Student's Parent/Guardian
 Date

 Student's Parent/Guardian
 Date

 School Nurse/Other Qualified Health Care Personnel
 Date

This form was developed by the American Diabetes Association.

October 2019

Date